RTY SERIES

Hall-Effect Rotary Position Sensors



For more information about this product, visit our website at: www.potentiometers.com



The RTY Series Hall-Effect Rotary Position Sensors provide angle monitoring in harsh transportation and industrial applications at a competitive cost.

These products use a magnetically biased, Hall-effect integrated circuit (IC) to sense rotary movement of the actuator shaft over a set operating range. Rotation of the actuator shaft changes a magnet's position relative to the IC. The resulting flux density change is converted to a linear output.

The IC, together with conditioning and protection circuitry, and the permanent magnet, is sealed in an IP67-qualified rugged package for durability in most harsh environments.

Eight operating ranges (50°, 60°, 70°, 90°, 120°, 180°, 270° and 360°) are tolerant to over-travel and allow use in most common applications. Low voltage and high voltage versions cover an input voltage range of 4.5 Vdc to 30 Vdc.

Most applications require no lever, and no brackets are necessary.

Features

35 Million cycle product life
Solid-state Hall-effect technology
Non-contact operation, low torque actuation
IP67-sealed package with integral connector
Automotive-grade EMI/EMC testing,
Integrated reverse polarity, and short circuit
protection
Industry-standard AMP termination
Compact package
Eight operating ranges up to 360°

Applications

Transportation:

Position and movement detection of pedals, throttles, gear shift, levers, steering, linkages, and hitches (trucks, buses, off-road vehicles, industrial/construction/agricultural vehicles and equipment, cranes)

Suspension displacement/kneeling (buses, trucks) Tilt/trim position (boat engines, tilling equipment)

Industrial:

Valve control HVAC damper control

Irrigation pivot control

RTY Series

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	VL (Low Voltage	HV(High Voltage)	
Resolution	12 bit	12bit	
Supply Voltage	$5 \pm 0.5 V$	10Vdc to 30Vdc	
Supply current	20 mA max.	32 mA max.	
Supply current (during output to ground short)	25 mA max.	47 mA max.	
Output	0.5 V to 4.5 V ratiometric	0.5 V to 4.5 V non-ratiometric	
Output signal delay	4 ms	4 ms	
Overvoltage protection	10 Vdc	<u>-</u>	
Reverse polarity protection	-10 Vdc	-30 Vdc	
Output to ground short circuit protection	continuous	continuous	
Output load resistance (pull down to ground)	10 kOhm	10 kOhm	
EMI - radiated immunity	100 V/m from 200 MHz to	100 V/m from 200 MHz to	
	1000 MHz per ISO11452-2	1000 MHz per ISO11452-2	
EMI - conducted immunity	100 mA BCI per ISO11452-4	100 mA BCI per ISO11452-4	
	from 1 MHz to 200 MHz	from 1 MHz to 400 MHz	
EMC	exceeds CE requirements	exceeds CE requirements	

Mechanical Specifications

Ingress protection	IP67 according to DIN 40050		
Expected life	35 M cycles		
Housing material	PBT plastic		
Shock	50 G peak		
Vibration	20 G peak tested from 10 Hz to 2000 Hz		
Salt fog concentration	$5\% \pm 1\%$ for 240 hr per SAE M1455 Section 4.3.3.1		
	(at 5.0 Vdc. 38 °C [100 F °])		
Mating connector	AMP Superseal 282087-1		
Mechanical end stop	no		
Approvals	CE		

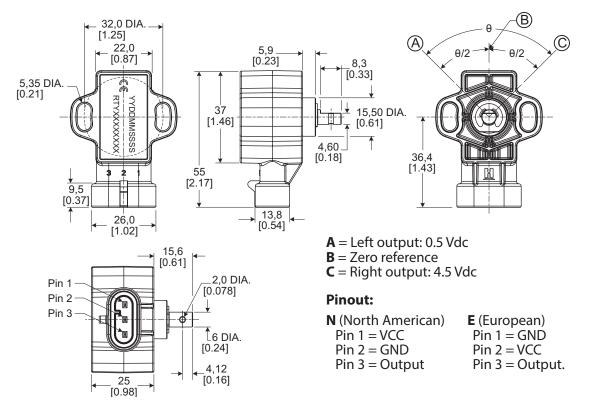
Environmental Specifications

Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +125°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to +125°C		
Rotational Life	35,000,000 cycles		
Media Compatibility	Heavy Transportation Fluids		

Specifications subject to change without notice.

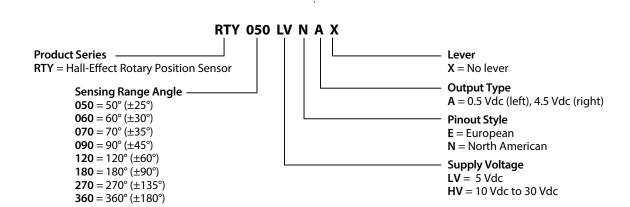
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Outline Dimensions (mm/inch)



NOTE: Ferrous or magnetic material within a 75 mm [2.95 in] radius from sensor center may affect sensor performance

Ordering Information



Linearity and Accuracy

Sensing Angle	Linearity Error ¹	Accuracy Error ²	Clamp High			
50° (±25°)	±1.0%	±1.6%	(Vdc)			
60° (±30°)			Output Voltage (Vdc)			
70° (±35°)			Onto Onto Onto Onto Onto Onto Onto Onto			
90° (±45°)			(A) (B) (C)			
120° (±60°)			A B C -25 0 +25 -30 0 +30 -35 0 +35 -45 0 +45 -60 0 +60			
180° (±90°)			-90 0 +90 -135 0 +135 Actuator Position (°)			
270° (±135°)			5%			
360° (±180°)			4.5 (3pA) ebety 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10,			

NOTES:

- 1. The linearity error is the deviation of the measured value from the best fit line and is the quotient of the measured output ratio deviation from the best fit line at the measured temperature to the best fit line output ratio span at the measured temperature.
- 2. Accuracy is measured as a deviation from the index line, where the index line is defined as the line with the ideal slope and sensor output voltage corrected at 0° position for its ideal value at 25 °C \pm 5 °C. Accuracy is valid only when the sensor output is correct at 0° position for its ideal value in the application. s

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